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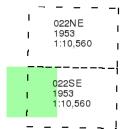
Monmouthshire

Published 1953

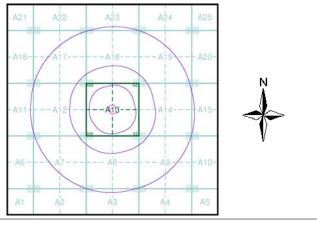
Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 349428225_1_1 Customer Ref: 1271.01 National Grid Reference: 318080, 196440 Slice:

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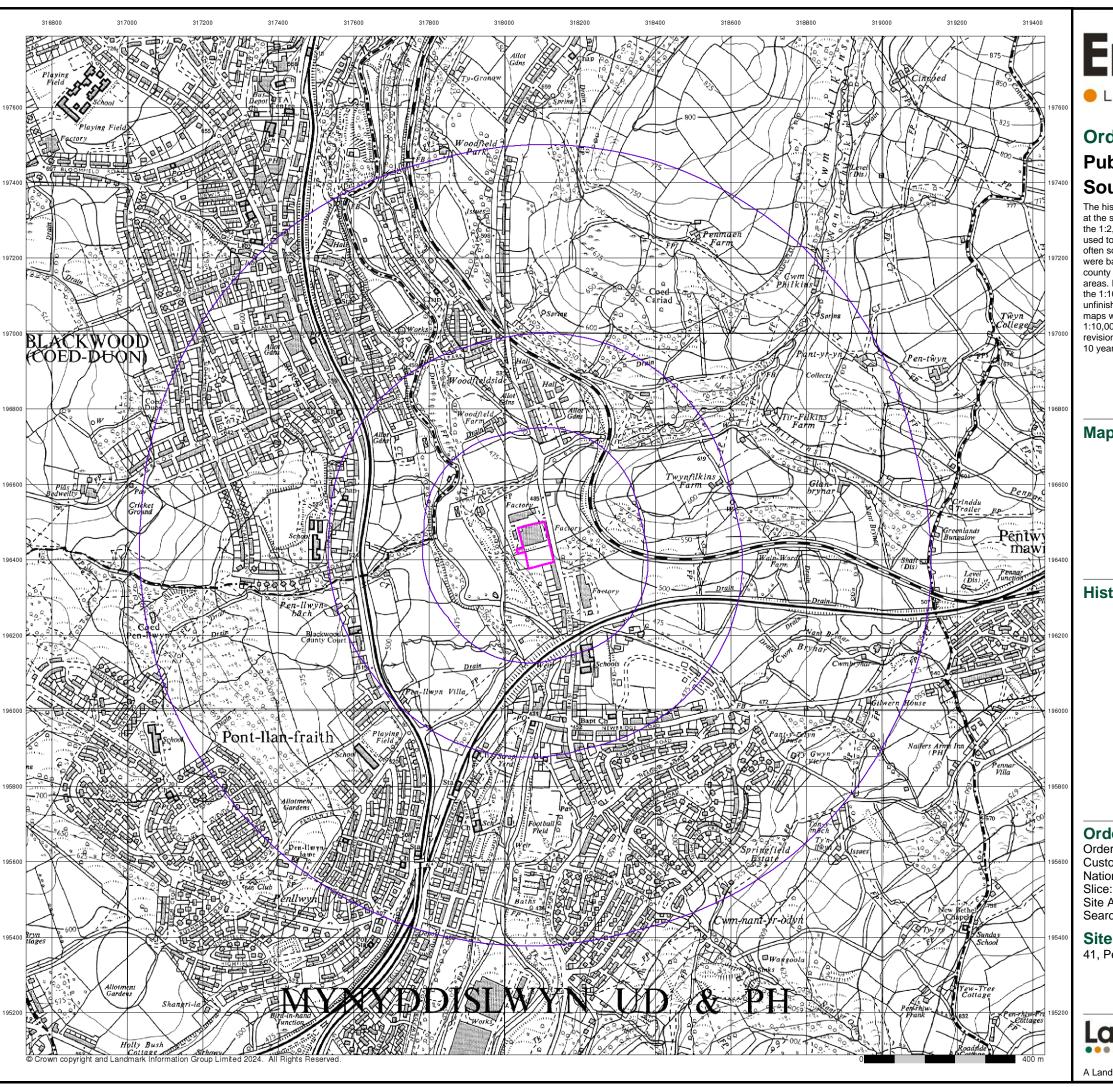
Site Details

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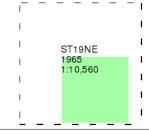


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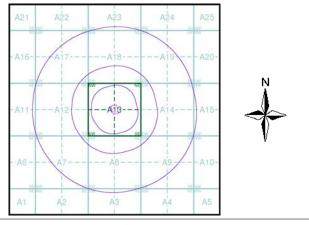
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1965 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

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Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 349428225_1_1
Customer Ref: 1271.01
National Grid Reference: 318080, 196440

: *A*

Site Area (Ha): 0.8 Search Buffer (m): 1000

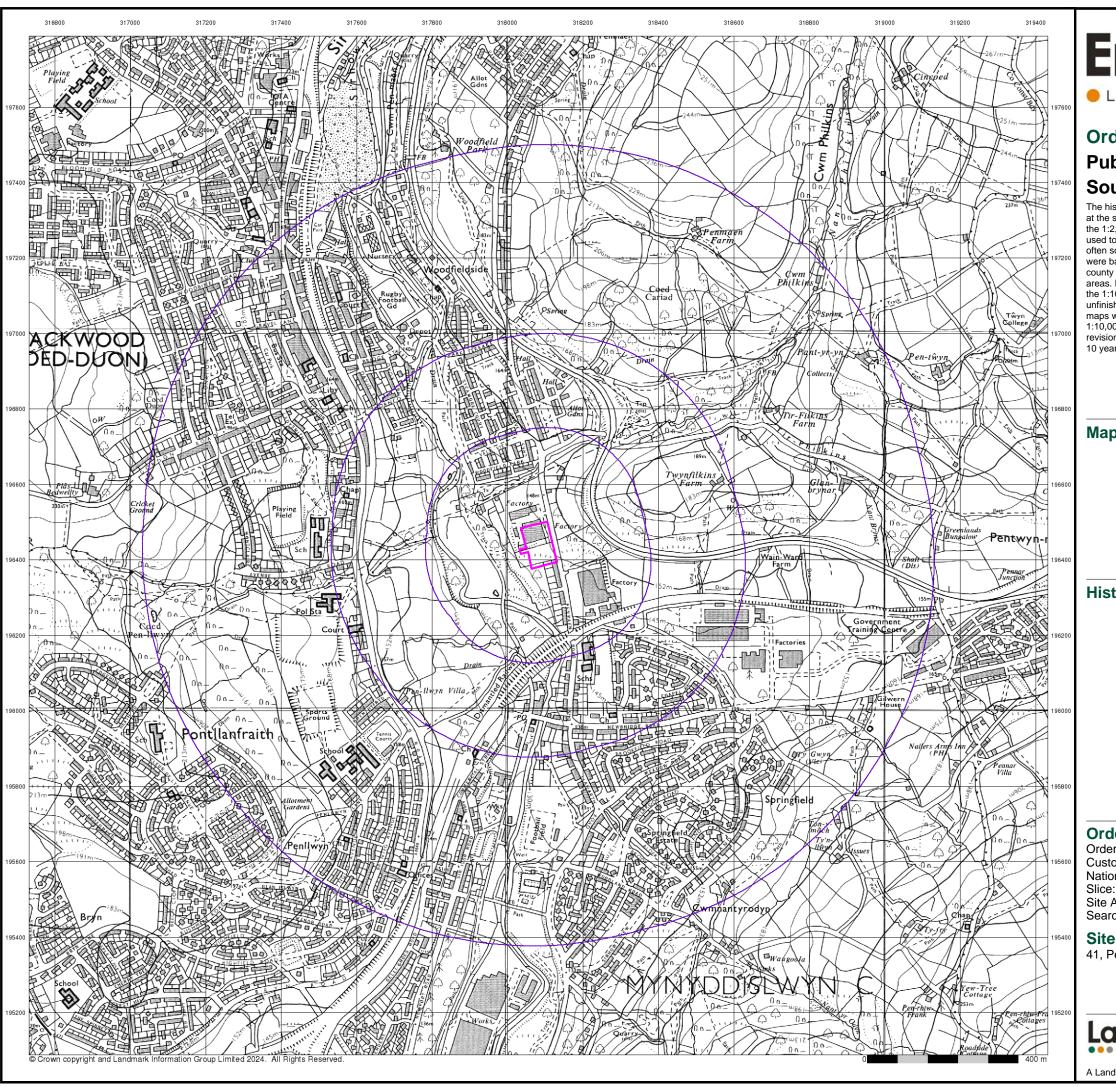
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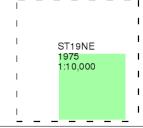


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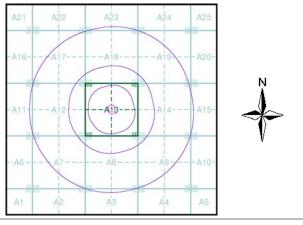
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1975 Source map scale - 1:10,000

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Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 349428225_1_1
Customer Ref: 1271.01
National Grid Reference: 318080, 196440

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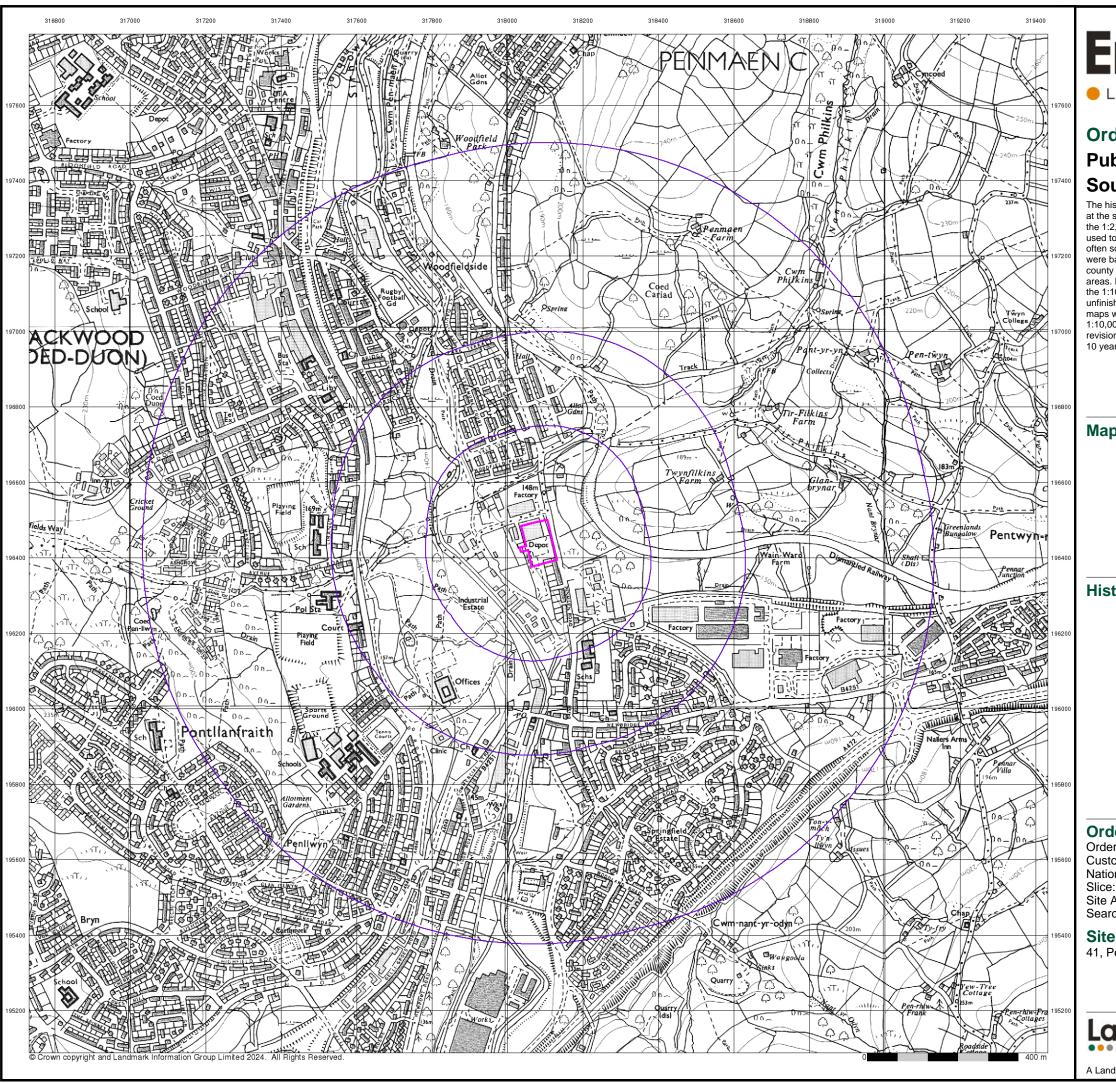
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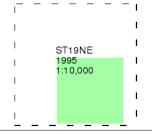


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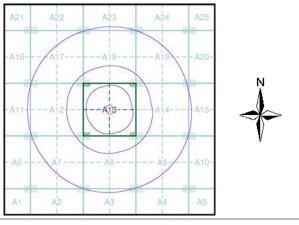
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1995 Source map scale - 1:10,000

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 349428225_1_1
Customer Ref: 1271.01
National Grid Reference: 318080, 196440

Α

Site Area (Ha): 0.8 Search Buffer (m): 1000

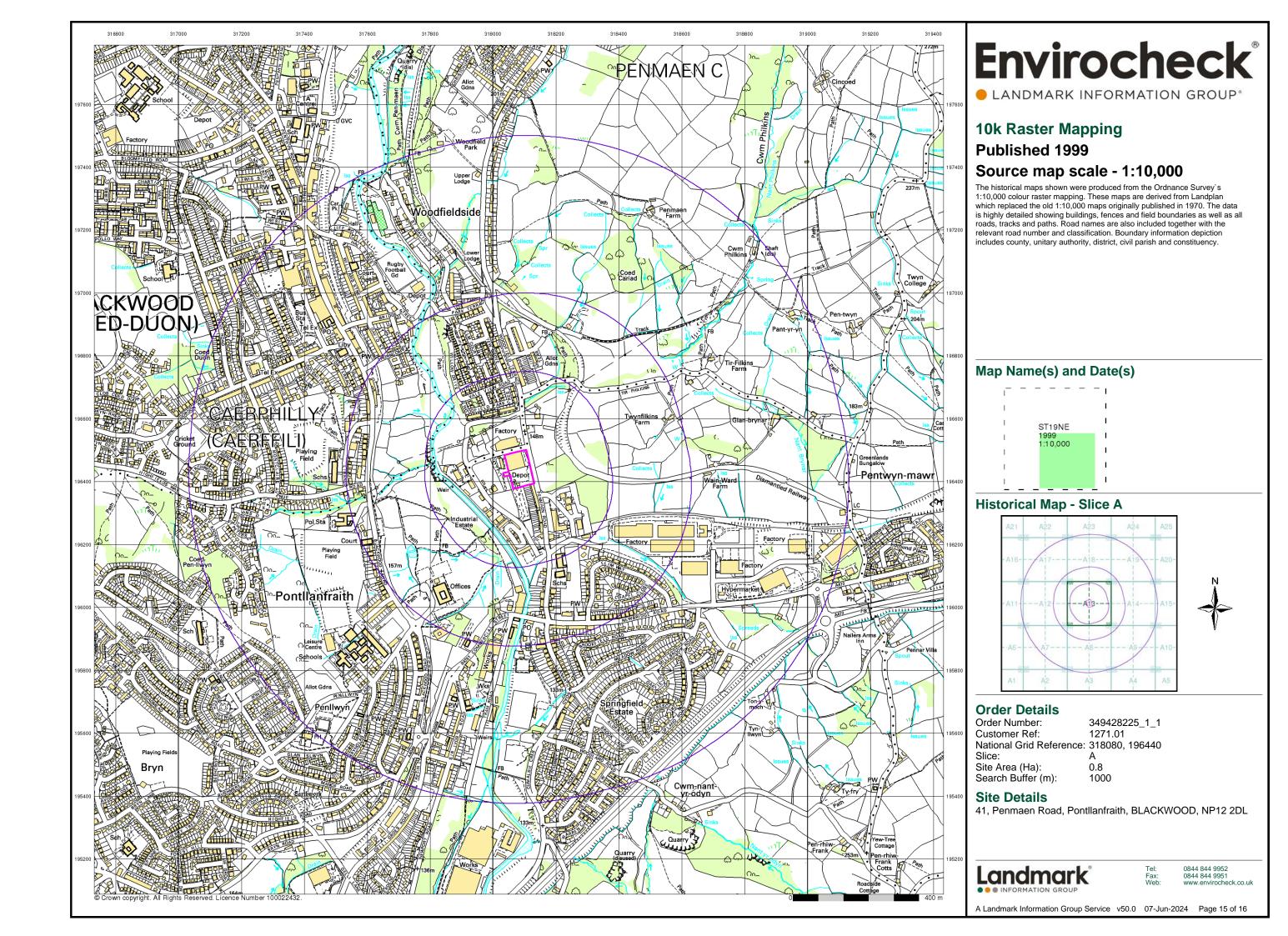
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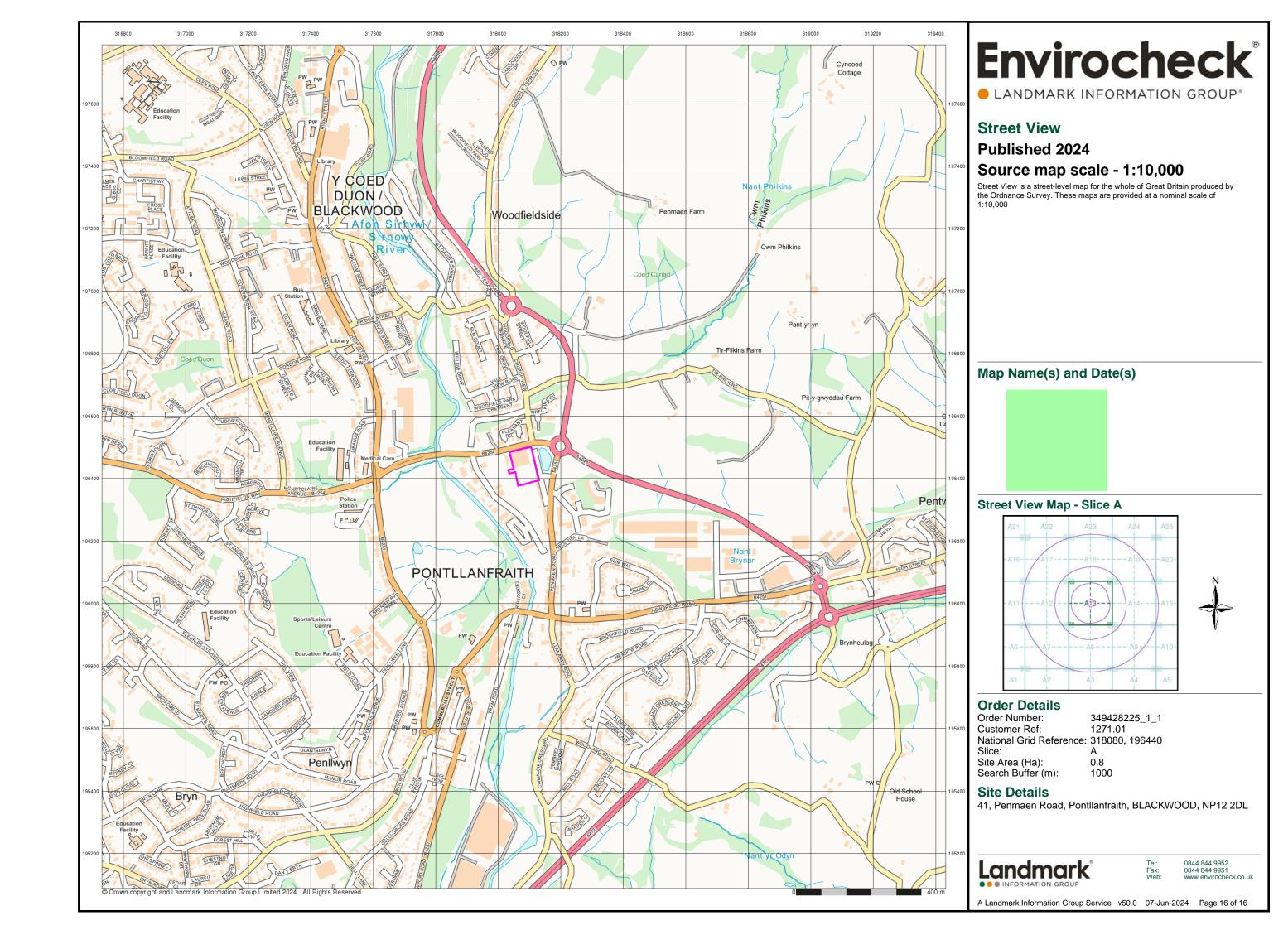
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APPENDIX B

Envirocheck Report – Mapping

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Holocene
	TILLD	Till, Devensian	Diamicton	Not Supplied - Devensian
	GFDUD	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Devensian	Sand and Gravel	Not Supplied - Devensian
	PEAT	Peat	Peat	Not Supplied - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	GDB	Grovesend Formation	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Westphalian
	GDB	Grovesend Formation	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Westphalian
	Н	Hughes Member	Sandstone	Not Supplied - Westphalian
	Н	Hughes Member	Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone	Not Supplied - Westphalian
		Faults		
/		Rock Segments		

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Geology 1:50,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

 Map ID:
 1

 Map Sheet No:
 249

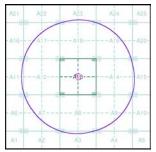
 Map Name:
 Newport

 Map Date:
 1969

 Bedrock Geology:
 Available

Map Date: 1969
Bedrock Geology: Available
Superficial Geology: Available
Artificial Geology: Available
Faults: Not Supplied
Landslip: Available
Not Supplied
Not Supplied
Not Supplied
Not Supplied
Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice A





Order Details:

 Order Number:
 349428225_1_1

 Customer Reference:
 1271.01

 National Grid Reference:
 318080, 196440

 Slice:
 A

 Site Area (Ha):
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Site Area (Ha): 0.8 Search Buffer (m): 1000

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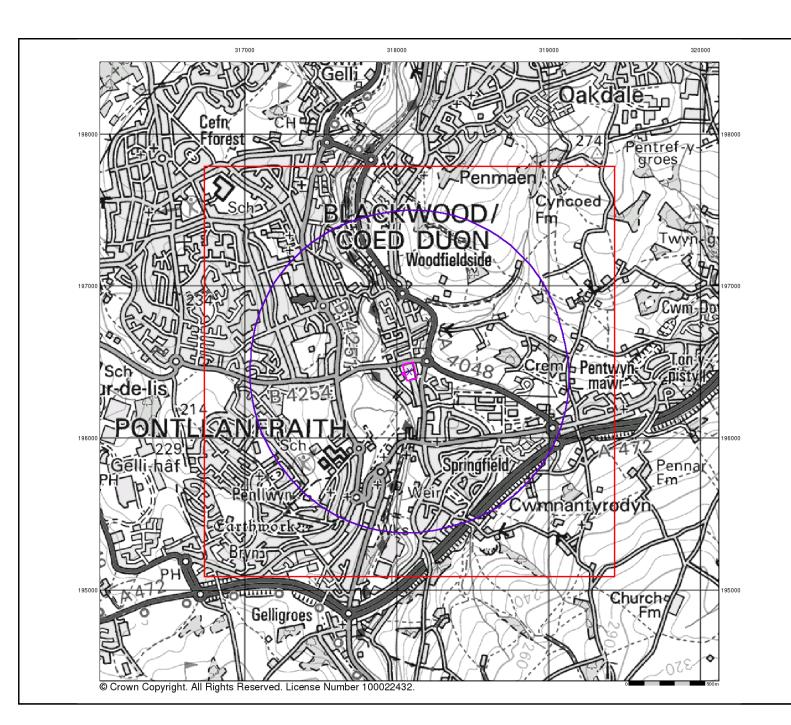
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Artificial Ground and Landslip

Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

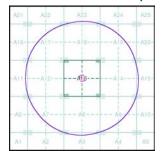
Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.

 - Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice A





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Site Details:

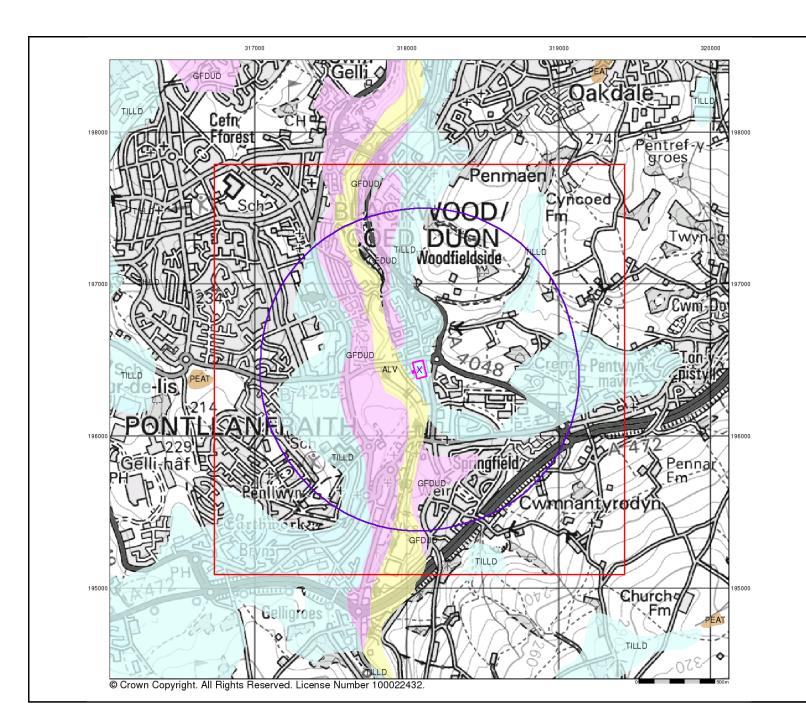
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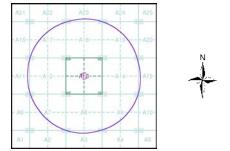
Superficial Geology

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice A



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349428225_1_1 1271.01 318080, 196440 Order Number: Customer Reference: National Grid Reference: A 0.8

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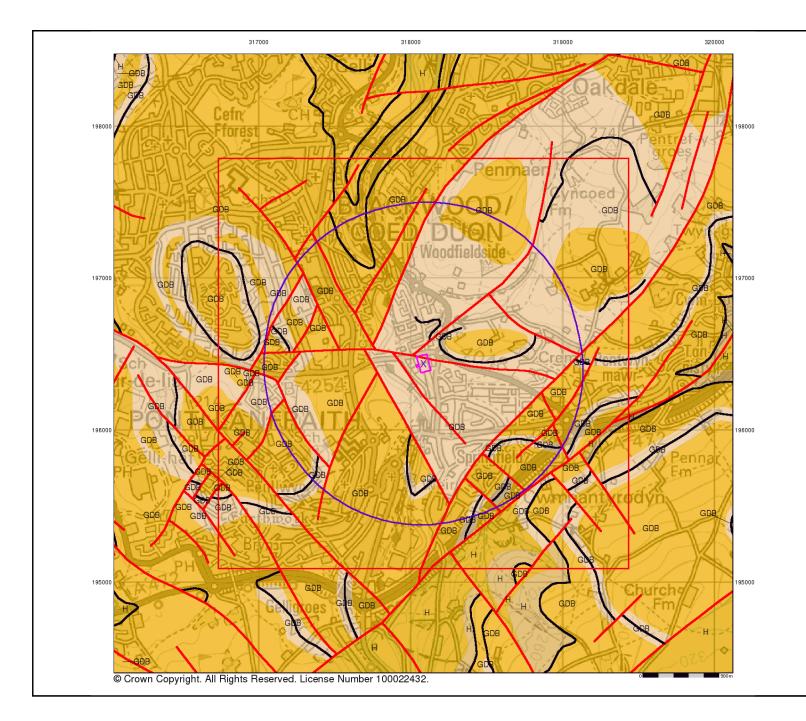
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Bedrock and Faults

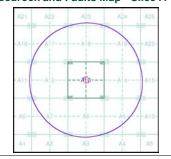
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice A





Order Details:

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Customer Reference: 1271.01
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Slice: A
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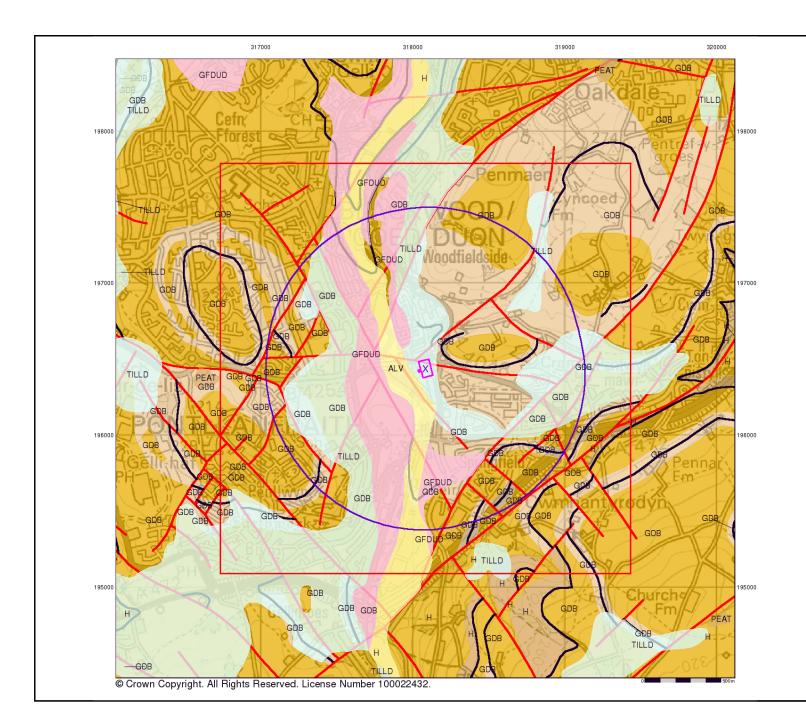
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Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

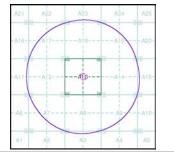
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: 349428225_1_1 1271.01 318080, 196440 National Grid Reference: A 0.8 Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

1000

Site Details:

41, Penmaen Road, Pontllanfraith, BLACKWOOD, NP12 2DL



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